Marine Medium Tiltrotor Training Squadron VMMT-204

Taking Assault Support and Special Ops Aviation to the Next Level



MV-22B Osprey

5 March 2001

Col R H Dunnivan Commanding Officer



Independent Review Panel Areas of Interest

OVERVIEW

Will be Addressed by Visiting the Following Six Stations:

- A: Operations (Training, syllabus, ORM, T&R skill sets)
 DSS (Safety, Standardization, Hazard Reporting)
- B: Maintenance (IETMS demo, QA, supply, RCM, Optimized NALCOMIS)
- C: Aircraft (nacelle, cockpit/cabin)
- D: FREST (IMI, training devices)
- E: Osprey Support Center (Interface between squadron and FST Forward/Contractor)
- F: V-22 Aircrew Training System (Simulator facilities, pilot training center, IMI, devices, FFS FAM flight)



Scheme of Maneuver



Proposed Schedule:

0830-0955 Overview Brief VMMT-204 1000-1030 Operations/ATTU/DSS

1030-1130 Maintenance-Optimized NALCOMIS/IETM

1130-1230 Lunch - Working

1230-1325 Static FREST

1330-1400

1400-1455 Osprey Support Center (OSC)

1500-1630 Simulator and Facilities

1630-1700 Summation in Simulator Building

1700 Depart

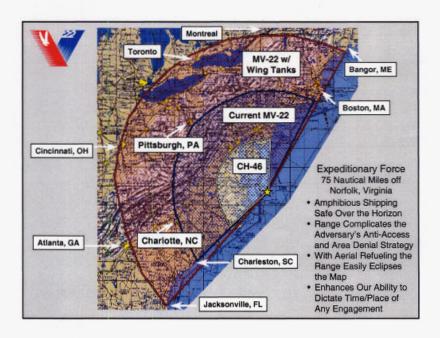


V-22 is Our Future

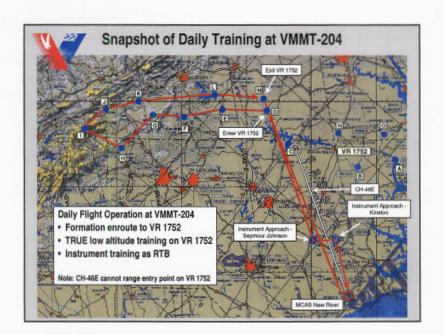


- Demographic shift will result in densely populated littorals 70% of the world's population within 250 miles of the coast by 2020
- No near term peer competitor driven to asymmetric means
- Determined foe will likely employ a strategy of anti-access and area denial, while attempting to create asymmetric engagements
- Power projection capability assumes increased prominence
- Relatively small forces of increased lethality, delivered quickly and unexpectedly will have dramatic influence on developing events

Tiltrotor Technology Custom Fit to Meet Future Challenges









Mission of VMMT-204



VMMT-204 is Tasked With Training Assault Support and Special Operations Personnel for Success in the Operational Environment of the Future



Mission of VMMT-204



- · Train USMC and USAF Personnel
 - Aircrew and maintenance skills
- · Fleet Readiness Squadron (FRS)
 - Basic Flight Training
- Advanced Tiltrotor Training Unit (ATTU)
 - Advanced Flight/Maintenance Training to provide the transitioning squadron a core capable Full Combat Capability
- Fleet Replacement Enlisted Skills Training (FREST)
 - Basic maintenance training

MV-22 Transition will be by Unit versus Individual Squadron trains as a Team (Aircrew and Maintenance)

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VMMT-204 Aircrew Status



- 28 Pilots
 - 9 Instructors (IP)
 - 1 DT/4 MOTT/4 VMMT-204 Trained
 - 19 Pilots Requiring Training
 - · 3 T2P (100 level complete)
 - 6 PUI (100 level)
 - . 10 in Simulator Syllabus/Awaiting Flight Training
 - 2 Augment Pilots (1 HMX/1 MAG-26)
- · 31 Crew Chiefs
 - 7 Instructors (CCI)
 - 3 MOTT/4 VMMT-204 Trained
 - 24 Requiring Training
 - 18 in Flight Training
 - · 6 Awaiting Flight Training
 - 1 Augment CC (HMX)



VMMT-204 Instructor Flight Training

Pilots (28)

· Syllabus (Aircraft)

- FAMS (10 Fits/16 Hrs)
- CALS (5 Fits/ 8.5 Hrs)
- NAV (2 Fits/3 Hrs)
- Form (4 Fits/8 Hrs)
- VLAT (7 Fits/10.5 Hrs)

- Tactics (1 Flt/2 Hrs)

Instrument (2 Fits/4 Hrs)
 T2P (2 Fits/3.5 Hrs)
 TAC (3 Fits/4.5 Hrs)

- IUT (3Flts/4.5 Hrs)
• SYLLABUS TOTALS:

48 Sim Hops/94 Hrs (20.0 NVG) 39 Flts/64.5 Hrs (13.5 NVG) · Crew Chiefs (18)

Syllabus (Aircraft)

- FAMS (7 Fits/11 Hrs)
- CALS (7 Fits/11.5 Hrs)
- NAV (1 Fit/1.5 Hrs)
- Form (5 Fits/9.5 Hrs)
- VLAT (6 Fits/9.0 Hrs)
- Tactics (1Fit/2.0 Hrs)
- Internals (2 Fits/3.5 Hrs)
- CCX (2 Fits/3 Hrs)

- IUT (4 Flts/6.5 Hrs)

SYLLABUS TOTALS:

1 Sim Hop/2 Hrs (0 NVG) 35 Flts/57.5 Hrs (13.5 NVG)

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Aircrew Training Devices



- · Cockpit Procedural Trainer (CPT)
 - Cockpit orientation, Instrument Trainer, No Visual or Motion
- Operational Flight Trainer (OFT)
 - Full Motion
- · Full Flight Simulator (FFS)
 - Full Motion, FAA Level D Standard, Networked with FTD
- Flight Training Device (FTD)
 - FFS Equivalent, No Motion
 - Networked with FFS
- · Future Plan at New River
 - 4 FFS and 3 FTD capable of Networking IAW Sim Master Plan



VMM Transition





How Does an HMM Make the Transition?



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Training & Readiness Manual Volume 8: MCO P3500.34



- · Training is Broken into Phases:
 - Combat Capable Phase (100 Level) Basic skills taught at FRS.
 - Combat Ready Phase (200 Level) Core Skills
 - Combat Qualification Phase (300 Level) Core Skills
 - · Completion of this Stage defines "Core Capable" Complete
 - VMMT-204/ATTU Mission Complete
 - Full-Combat Qualification Phase (400 Level) Core Plus Skills
 - Flight Training For FRS Instructor / VLATI / ARI (500 Level)
 - Flight Training for Requirements, Qualifications, Designations (600 Level)



Core Capable Definition

OPERATIONS

A core capable squadron (8 Crews) is able to sortie a four-plane division of mission capable aircraft twice within a 24-hour period crewed by NSQ aircrew on any mission essential task (MET) in a medium threat environment. -T&R Volume 8 Chapter 1

VMM PILOTS		VMM AIRCREW		VMM MAINT			
DESIGNATION	PILOTS	DESIGNATION	AIRCREW	QUAL	MECHS	QUAL	MECHS
TAC -	12	CCNSI	4	QAR	3	CC A	20
SEC LDR	6	WTCCI	2	CDQAR	4	PC	3
DIV LDR	3	CCDCMI	2	CDI	11 .	UNMAT	1
FLT LDR	2	AGI	4	QASO(0)	1	PA WT	1
AMC	2			TL(0)	PIP	OMPR	2
VLATI	6			TM(0)		T&W	2
ARI	4			QASO FE	1	PARTCT	2
DCMI	4			TL (PE)	1	MAT3	20
NSI	6			TM(FE)	1	MAT4	12
WTI	2*			02	1	SSF	3
PCP	4						

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VMM Transition



Pilots (7532)

- 28 Pilots (100% T/O)
- 4 groups of 8
- 8.5 Months to Core Capable (per group)
 - · 4.5 months/group FRS
 - 5.5 weeks ground training (IMI/Sim)
 - Flt Training (100 level)
 - · 4 months/group ATTU
 - 16 pilots

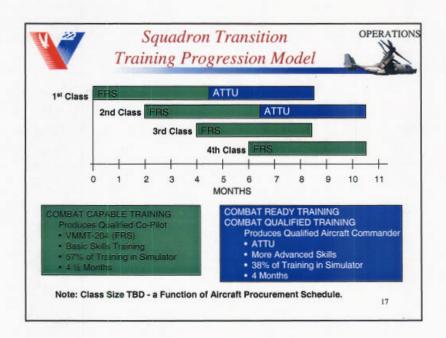
Crew Chiefs (6176)

- 20 CC (100% T/O)
- 4 groups of 8
- 11 months to Core Capable (per group)
 - 3 ½ months/group FREST
 - 11 weeks Mech Training
 - Start 2.5 Months Prior to Pilots
 - · 4 months/group FRS
 - 6 Weeks CC IMI
 - Flt Training (100 level)
 - Plane Captain Syllabus
 - · 4 months/group at ATTU
 - 8 Crew chiefs

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Throughput Dependent On:

- · PAA of 12 Aircraft on Line
- Training Devices





Safety and Standardization



- Safety and Standardization governed by same regulations as any other USMC squadron
- PMA-275 still Model Manager Agent (MMA)
- · Main challenge: Immature weapon system
 - Developing experience base
 - Limited and incomplete documentation
 - Limited personnel to accomplish multiple tasks



Squadron Aircraft Safety and Hazard Reporting



- Safety program up & running IAW Naval Aviation Safety Program
- · Hazards reported via Naval HAZREP System
 - VMMT-204 generated 7 HAZREPs in the last year

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Maintenance Department



- Personnel
 - 132 USMC Maintainers
 - 35 Contract Maintenance Support (CMS) Personnel
- Organizational Structure Common Within the NAMP
 - CMS Personnel integrated in the workcenters as maintainers AND trainers
- Staff NCO "Top Heavy" By Design
 - . Envisioned requirement to support Fleet Squadrons w/ key personnel
 - . Sourced from both fixed- and rotary-wing communities
- Benefits
 - · Department is experienced in aviation maintenance in general
- Challenges
 - . V-22-specific experience still at a premium
 - . Staffing shortages exist even with addition of CMS
 - Working with HQMC on Staffing Shortages



Maintenance Training



- · Multiple Experience Levels Based on Source
 - MOTT / V-22 ITT R&M / VMMT-204 Transition personnel
- Contractor-Instructed Formal MOS Schooling
 - Factory Training (pre-VMMT-204)
 - Cadre Training (Contractor-led at VMMT-204)
- FREST Assumption of Training Responsibilities
 - All "New Accessions" and future Transitions
- Benefits
 - Some significant experience & highly qualified personnel
- Challenges
 - Experience pool is limited (impact of EAS) and attriting due to common factors
 - · Contract commitment problems as timeline slides right
 - Take advantage of the pause to "season" maintenance personnel with additional cadre training

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Maintenance Concepts



- 3-Level Maintenance
 - Organizational-/Intermediate-/Depot-Level
 - Interim I- and D-Level augmented and/or performed by contractor
 - . I-Level Material Support Date (MSD) is March 2003
 - . D-Level Government Support Date (GSD) is June 2007
- Reliability-Centered Maintenance (RCM)
 - Fundamental V-22 maintenance concept is to fly to failure or to repair in response to "on condition" failure indicators
 - Minimize scheduled inspections & maintenance, eliminate Scheduled Depot Level Maintenance (SDLM)
 - Relies heavily on on-aircraft fault detection and processing
 - On-going life cycle analysis process for all maintenance levels
- Rolls Royce/Allison Power-By-The-Hour (PBTH)
 - Other than war reserves, initial install/spares, and basic O-level engine maintenance actions, RRA supplies the support and service for all AE1107C engines
 - Includes provision of parts and material for the O-level and actual conduct of higher-level maintenance



Maintenance Concepts



- RCM Augmented by Extensive Health & Utilization Monitoring System (HUMS) Collection
 - Maintenance Event as well as Vibration, Structural Life, and Engine Diagnostic (VSLED) downloads after every flight
 - Viewed by maintainers via the Automated Maintenance Event Ground Station (AMEGS)
 - Also utilized in Power-By-The-Hour computations
- Inspection Requirements Package

 Turn-Around, Daily, 35-Hour, 210-Hour A through D Phases
- - 3-Level concept fits within the NAMP structure Baseline RCM-derived inspections are easy to comply with
- Challenges

 - Reliability and maintainability

 Mean Time Between Failure (MTBF)

 Maintenance Man Hours per Flight Hour (MMH/FH)

 Fault data accuracy not at desired levels (detection / false alarms)

 Operator experience/training critical in evaluation of download faults and trend data
 - Envisioned RCM-derived inspections are not capturing all the downers



Optimized Organizational NALCOMIS



- Naval Aviation Logistics Command Management Information System (Optimized)
 - Necessary to support Universal Numbering System (UNS)
 - · Expands depth of knowledge on identification of items within each aircraft system
 - Currently a "Prototype" system
 - · Only implemented at 3 Marine Corps and 6 Navy squadrons
 - · Data from each site submitted directly from the squadron to NAVAIR
 - Supportability issues
 - Written for a yet unpublished 4790.2H (NAMP) and 5442.4N (MESM)
 - · Simultaneously incorporates electronic MESM, 3M, configuration management and automated aircraft logbooks
- Challenges
 - Reports under legacy reporting system
 - . Direct Maintenance Man Hours per Flight Hour (DMMH/FH)
 - Cannibalization Rate
 - Optimized NALCOMIS, new aircraft and new pubs (IETM)



IETM



- · Integrated Electronic Technical Manual
 - Designed to replace the majority of paper publications required at the operator level.
 - Utilized on both desktop workstations or Portable Electronic Display Devices (PEDD) for on-aircraft use
 - Technical information based on Logistics Support Analysis data
 - System is still in continued development
- Benefits
 - Combines required pubs in a single-source appliance
 - Ease of updating
- Challenges
 - Not User-Friendly: task based versus systems based, dated hardware processing capability, non-intuitive operating system software is unforgiving, difficult to navigate, maintenance task database not fully verified, parts ordering information is incomplete/inaccurate

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Supply



- V-22 Aviation Consolidated Allowance List
 - Limited support package built on Engineering predictions
 - Continually being updated to reflect fleet usage
 - · Initial 1291 items; Current approx 6000 items
- Pre-Expended Bin (PEB)
 - Established at the squadron level to reduce the response time on high usage consumables
 - Usage data is continually reviewed for additional PEB candidates.
 - · Initial 190 items; Current 312 items
- Benefits
 - Reachback to Contractor established & responsive in the current situation
- Challenges
 - Failure rates of numerous items exceeding engineering predictions, making it difficult to keep on shelf
 - Sourcing from production assets not viable in long-term



Contractor Logistics Support



- Osprey Support Center
 - NADEP Cherry Point-owned, includes Fleet Support Team [Fwd]
- · Contractor Representation
 - Field Service Representatives from: Bell/Boeing, RRA, Raytheon
- Services Provided
 - Rapid On-Site Technical Assistance
 - Logistical Assistance in researching of parts requirements and tracking the supply pipeline
 - Access to Logistic Support Analysis / Blueprint data
- Squadron CMS Not Considered Part of OSC
- Benefits
 - Access to engineering disposition and supply support
- Challenges
 - The repeated need to utilize the OSC due to deficiencies in delivered O-level support materials



FREST



F leet

R eplacement

E nlisted

S kills

T raining

MISSION:

"Provide consolidated/co-located tiltrotor maintenance training, in partnership with the Air Force, utilizing state of the art training systems and strategies."



FREST/Crew Chief Integrated Multimedia Instruction (IMI)



- · Computer Aided Instruction (CAI)
 - Instructor lead classroom curriculum.
- Interactive Course Ware (ICW)
 - Self-paced, instructor supervised, theoretical trouble shooting
- · Computer Managed Instruction
 - Testing
 - Trainee enrollment and roster administration
 - ICW administration
 - Data collection and reporting
 - Allows instant access to IETMs
 - Interactive Course Ware (ICW)

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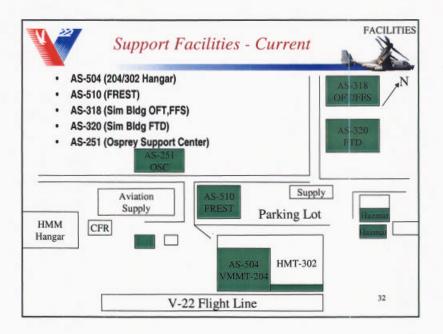
FREST/Crew Chief IMI

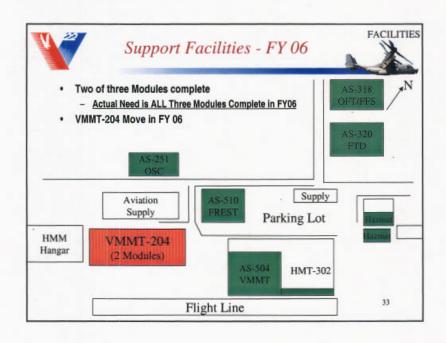


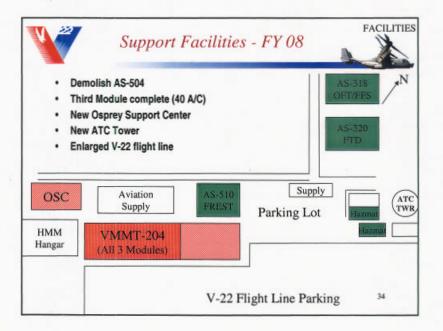
- · Original plan
 - Contractual CAI full Delivery date of March 01
 - Contractual ICW full Delivery date of December 01
 - Unattainable.
- · Recovery plan
 - Incremental delivery schedule agreed upon between government (PMA-205) and Contractors.
 - CAI fully delivered by September 01
 - ICW fully delivered by April 02
- Final product will be far and away superior to currently used lessons for naval aviation maintenance training.



- Original plan
 - Naval Aviation Maintenance Trainer Suite (NAMTS)
 - Subcontractor defaulted
- Challenge
 - Utilize a combination of modified EMD and LRIP aircraft for high fidelity tasks to replace CMTs
 - Part Task Trainers for low fidelity tasks









V-22 is Our Future



Tiltrotor Technology Custom Fit to Meet Future Challenges

